THE SANITARY MOVEMENT

The City Physician Clearly Defines the Situation.

A POWERLESS HEALTH BOARD.

The Present Ordinances are Defecfective and Inoperative-A Reorganization of the Bealth Department Imperative.

"Yours for Health."

Dr. Clarke Gapen, city physician, is enthusiastic in his estimation of the importance of the sanitary movement now being urged upon the attention of the city council. He is using every effort to secure the organization of a complete and thorough sanitary commission of some kind or other and is emphatic in his views on the needs of such an organization

"Regarding the present status from a sanitary standpoint," said Dr. Gapen, "a health department can hardly be said to exist. The The charter empowers the council to organize a board of health, which has been done, but the board is well-nigh powerless for want of funds and the necessary ordinances. In fact, I believe that for some time the board did not meet at all. Recently, how-ever, meetings have been held regularly, at which the situation has been canvassed pretty thoroughly.

And what is the situation?" was asked, "We find," replied the doctor, "no suitable provision either for the discovery of unsanitary conditions or their abatement when discovered. There are doubtless hundreds, probably thousands of unwholesome places in the streets, yards, alleys and open places of this city which are a constant menace to the city's health, but of which nothing can be known without thorough inspection. There should be a corps of inspectors who should be trained for their work and kept constantly on the lookout for nuisances of this kind. The apathy of Omaha in this regard is unaccountable, especially as the movement in sanitation is world-wide, and sanitary organizations exist in almost every civilized community. In Europe it has been dominant in municipal affairs for a quarter of a century. Chicago has had a complete sanitary organization over thirteen years, and the expenditure in Chicago in 1889 for for sanitary purposes was nearly \$250,000. This year the expenditure will be considerably increased as the force of inspectors has been increased by nearly one-half. The health departments of Minneapolis and St. Paul were organized under a state law in 1887, and each city has now a complete sanitary organization on which is expended annually about \$50,000. Kausas City has a sanitary organization similar to ours, but expends about \$40,000 per annum in rendering it effective. Denver's sanitary department was organized under a state law last year and the appropriation for its support this year is \$70,000."
"What is the work proposed for Omaha?"

The thorough inspection of streets, alloys, vards and all places where unsanitary conditions may exist and the prompt report of such to the board of health or its executive, who shall be empowered to abate the nuisance. This will require a force of about six trained inspectors. There should also be thorough inspections of food, especially of milk, as that is known to be one of the of milk, as that is known to be one of the best of carriers of germ diseases. This inspection should be most thorough, and relate not only to the quality of the milk, but to the condition of the animals, their care and the care of the milk. I have no doubt that if many people would visit the dairies from which their milk supply comes they would never be induced to drink milk while the present condition lasts." the present condition lasts."

And the wells and cesspools now in use, are they not dangerous!' "Most certainly they are. Our soil is of a most open character, and the cesspools are mere holes in the ground. There is, therefore, free communication between many of the vaults and wells. Because the water looks clear and tastes good the people use it, though it be recking with disease germs. Ordinances should provide that every vault should be water-tight and so located as not to endanger health. Wells should be exam-ined and unwholesome ones closed up."

*What as to contagious diseases? "There is an ordinance requiring cases to eported and fixing a penalty for failure to do so, but it does not give the board of health any quarantine powers. A child may even go to school from a family in which diphtheria is raging. Some provisions should be made for the care of contagious diseases, especially smallpox. There is now no provision, and I do not know what could be done with cases of smallpox should they develop. It should be well understood that contagious liseases are preventable and that when we have an epidemic it simply means that we have neglected necessary precautions—and only reasonable precautions are needed. The people should be educated in this matter by supplying them with printed instructions that are simple and easily applied."

"What remedy is proposed?"
"To organize a health department by the passage of suitable ordinances and the appointment of a corps of sanitary inspectors with full police powers, whose duty it shall be, co-operating with or controlling the garbage department, to keep the city clean and free from dangerous conditions or accumula-The science of sanitation is the science of applied cleaniness."
"Do you find any opposition to the move-

ment! "Apparently very little. The great major-of those with whom I have talked commend it and promise most hearty co-opera-tion. A few are indifferent, believing that such things should take care of themselves. They never have and never will. One gen-tleman of prominence was indifferent, to the movement because he 'did not belive it would bring a dollar or a single individual to Omaha.' I differed from him even on this point, as any intelligent man would certainly of influenced in choosing a future nome by a matter of such importance, But even from the financial point of view it is a matter of importance for the reason that should an epidemic sweep over this city as did that of vellow fever over Memphis, by reason of its uncles bess, it would, as it did then, keep mill as of dollars away which would otherwise seek investment here. The practical value of sanitation is well illustrated in Nashville, Tenn., where in thirteen years the death rate has been reduced by sanitary precautions from 31.55 to 15.51 per

"I trust," concluded the city physician, "that the message of the mayor to the city council on this subject may be heeded, and that we may have the co-operation of all good citizens in a work so fraught with good to all and so important to the welfare and good name of our city. Let us no longer lag behind but have the best sanitary organiza-

tion in America."

For the Dakota Sufferers. Governor Fletcher and Judge Drake of South Dakota, accompanied by the real estate exchange committee, composed of Messrs. P. L. Perrine; J. B. Lazaer, national bank examiner, and M. G. Macleod, started out yesterday afternoon to solicit aid for the South Dakota sufferers and met with datter-ing success. The gentlemen feel sanguing of success, owing to the cor ial and courteous treatment extended by the banks. In addition to the following, all the other banks idition to the following, an the corning: romised favorable action tilis morning:

Merchants' National bank American National and McCague's Sav-

ngs bank...... 100 ne committee will complete their canvas of the banks this morning and will then call upon the jobbing houses and retail stores. Collections are being taken up in the various schools for the benefit of the sufferers.

Premising the undeniable truth that insurance is an undentable necessity for every business man, the New England Mutual Life Insurance company of Boston, Masiachusetts, aska your special consideratiod of its many desirable features, prominent among which is the fact that its policy is plain and liberal, subject to an annual distribution of surplus and the protection of the Massachusetts non-forfeiture law. See annual statement published in another IT CREATED A BIT OF A BREEZE.

President Adams' Declaration Not Understood by U. P. Officials.

Charles Francis Adams, precident of the Union Pacific road is quoted in the Washington dispatches in vesterday's Bue as assuring Congressman Dorsey and State Auditor Benion that he would do everything possisible within the scope of his official powers to afford the Nebraska farmers such relief as they have been praying for in the matter of emergency grain rates. On behalf of his own road Mr. Adams says he will be in favor of reducing the rates one-half.

This dispatch had the effect of creating something of a commotion among officials at Union Pacific headquarters when they read it. One of them said he felt satisfied that the situation of affairs and either been grossly misrepresented to Mr. Adams or he was not correctly reported. "He could not," said the official, "have meant a reduction of 50 per cent on the local rate in Ne-braska, because the schedule in effect now 18 only 25 cents a hungred from the extreme us only 25 cents a hundred from the extreme western portion of the state. Let us look this thing squarely in the face. The rate from Missouri river points—Omaha, Plattsmouth, Nebraska City, Blair and Sioux City—on corn is 20 cents. That is not raised until you strike the first meridian, fifty miles west, where the 21-cent charge applies, and the increase from the river to the western border is only 5 cents. This averages more than a 50 per cent reduction in the local rates. In my opinion Mr. tion in the local rates. In my opinion Mr. Adams intended to convey the idea that he would use his influence to secure a cut of the through rate, that is, get the lown lines to make a 10 cent rate from the river to Chicago, which would bring the through rate from interior Nebraska points down to 12½ and 15 cents, the latter being the maximum. As I look at it the whole thing depends entirely upon whether the Iowa lines can be induced to take any

"As simply an emergency rate is pro-posed," said another, "I would not be sur-prised to hear of the Northwestern coinciding with Mr. Adams' proposition, and if it does, the two roads can force all the others to join them in pulling in a 10, 12% and 15

it Could Furnish the Cars. Chairman Faithorn of the western freight association has just promulgated a report in which he states that the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City road in connection with the Wabash is hauling more coarse grain from Omaha to Chicago than all the other roads combined, and that, too, in spite of the fact that it is 200 miles the longest route. The figures for last month's business show that the Burlington carried 10,750 tons, the Northwestern 3,390 tons, the Milwankee 1,385 tons, the Rock Island 2,663 tons, while the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City took 18,141 tons.

"How do you account for this?" was the question put to a general freight of the Union "Easily enough. That road simply had cars to meet all demands, while the others were short and could not fill one third of the orders. I have understood that its manager went up among the northern lines after they got through with their wheat shipments and rented a'l the grain cars he could secure at 60 cents a day in addition to mileage charges. No complaints about cutting rates have ever

been made.' All Drawn to Lincoln. General Manager Holdrege of the B. & M.; Assistant General Traffic Manager Munroe and General Freight Agent Tebbets of the Union Pacific; General Freight Agent Moorehouse of the Fremont, Elk-horn & Missouri Valley, as well as the attorneys of all these roads left for Lincoln yesterday to attend the sessions being held there by Messrs. Morrison and Veasey of the interstate com-mission. General Solicitor Thurston re-turned from the east and went right on through to the Capital city.

Saw a Good Joke In It. "I have just discovered," said Assistant General Freight Agent Warrack, "that the Papillion Times' complaint about our re fusai to transport those two car loads of provisions for Dakota sufferers, has a great big joke connected with it. On receiving the bill of lading we find that the freight charges were refunded at the time of the shipment,

Notes and Personals. on a tour of the Union Pacific system. Charles A. Harvey and wife departed yes terday afternoon on the Burlington flyer tor Chicago.

General Agent Nash of the Milwaukee is back from Chicago, and says everything is arranged to push the Nebraska Central bridge as rapidly as possible. Car Accountant Buckingham and Superin

tendent of Telegraph Korty, of the Union Pacific returned Monday from a trip over the road. Mr. Buckingham says that at Carbon, Wyo., they encountered the severest snow storm he ever witnessed. He under took to go from his car to the depot, a distance of 200 feet, but had to give it up and remain housed where he was until the storm ceased. The council committee called on Mr. Kim

ball yesterday, and consulted with about the viaduct ordinance which will prob ably be passed tonight. "It is not safe" said the latter, "to have this matter post poned much longer, because the railroad are not under obligations to wait always The quicker that ordinance is passed and ac cepted the quicker will work be commenced and go right ahead."

We'll Suppose a Case. You are nervous and dyspeptic, your ap etite flags, your slumber is broken or dis turbed by uneasy dreams, or you court the sleepy god in vain. What shall you god? Try an alcoholic excitant to stimulate appe-tite, deaden the nerves at bed time with a narcotic? Neither of these. Try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It will, believe us, be more than a trial. You will continue to use this justly renowned nerve invigorant and stomachic. It is in the exigency supposed just what is wanted. It is a healthful stim-ulus to apposite and digestion, does not ex-cite, but quiets the brain and nerves, is an excellent diuretic and a speedy reformer of a disordered condition of the liver and bowels. It counteracts a tendency to rheumatism, nuilifies the prostrating effects of overwork, mitigates the infirmities of age, and hastens convalescence. Persons ex-posed to rough weather should use it as a preventitive, as should also tired students

and business men. Army Orders.

Second Lieutenant Charles P. George Sixteenth infantry, has been relieved from duty as member of the general court martial convened at Fort Du Chesne, Utah. On the recommendation of the medical di-

rector of the department, the commanding officer of Fort Laramie, Wyo., will see Private Rudolf Schmid, hospital corp corps United States army, to report to the com-manding officer Fort Robinson, Neb., for temporary duty at that post to fill a vacance. and Private Lewis Wheeler, hospital corps United States army, to report to the com-manding officer Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., to await discharge by expiration of term of service, April 1, 1890.

The policy of the New England Mutual Lafe Insurance company of Boston, Mass., is a combination of all the most desirable features of life insurance, including liberal conditions, legitimate insurance at the lowest cost, an annual distribution of surplus and protection of the Mass. non-forfeiture law. annual statement published in another column.

Deserted Els Bride.

Mrs. Harry Swift is an unfortunate woman. Two weeks ago she was a widow with four children to support by hard work and economical management. Swift met her in South Omaha several months ago and they talked of marriage, but his offer was refused. Recently Mrs. Swift moved to 2025 Vinton street. Swift came to Omaha and sought her cut. He renewed his suit and scucht her cut. He renewed his suit and finally won a favorable answer. The couple were wedded, but after ten days of hensymeon Swift borrowed \$10 from his bride and sloped. He represented that he had several horses and a threshing machine at Edgley, Dak., and the forsaken bride is of the opinion that he has gone thera.

SOUTH OMAHA DAILY EVENTS

An Inoffensive Old Rag Buyer Assaulted and Robbed.

INGRATE STEWART IN LIMBO

A Hotel Beat Arrested-A Free-for-All Fight-Magic City News, Notes and Personals. Etc., Etc.

Robbed an Old Rag Buyer.

An outrage that shouldn't be allowed to unpunished was perpetrated on an old rag buyer in the Third ward Monday at noon. It was a high-handed and successful attempt at highway robbery.

T. Wacksman is the old man's name and he is known by every housewife of the two cities. Shortly after dinner Monday he was accosted by a young man and told to drive to the Hickey boarding house and get some rags for sale there. The party who accosted him was returning from Swift's packing house after taking dinner to some of the workmen who boarded at Hickey's. The old man was taken into the house and after weighing the old clothes offered for sale took his pocketbook cut to pay for them. Some one from behind hit the hand holding the pocketbook while Work-man was engaged in a dispute about the price of the rags. The pocketbook was knocked out of his hand and the money scattered all over the floor. The inmates of the house made a hasty scramble for the coins and appropriated to themselves all but about 50 cents out of about \$8. Wacksman was then hustled out of the house without his money or the rags.

Wacksman filed a complaint before Justice Levy and warrants were issued for the ar-rest of the robbers. It is the more reprehensible because it was perpetrated on an in-offensive old man in a public boarding house by men who ought to be compelled to earn

Free-for-All Fight. The New York cigar store on Twenty eventh street, which is the abiding place of several painted damsels, was the scene of a free-for-ail fight Monday night. Pat Hyland and H. McNerney, two young men, were arrested for connection with the affair by Captain McMahon and Officer Hughes. They were each fined \$5 and costs and will have to board it out at the county's expense.

From the reports of the affair it appears that it was a sort of merry old time while in progress. Chairs and spittoons went flying through the air, windows and doors were broken and men and women got mixed up in a confused mass of beiligerents. There wer more men involved in the affray than the two young fellows who were arrested and fined. And they were intelligent and re-spectable appearing enough to be found in better company.

Arrested for a Board Bill. The proprietor of the Grand Union hotel had two brothers named Neff arrested for defrauding him out of a board bill of \$14. They had a hearing before Judge Levy Monday. The brothers were dismissed as there is no law in Nebraska by which a man can be convicted for obtaining board under false pretenses when he contracts to pay for it by the week.

Will Answer for His Thefts. Ed Stewart, the ingrate thief, was arrested vesterday on his release from the county iail after serving a sentence for misdeeds committed in Omaha. Stewart, it will be remembered, is the young man who was taken in by Ted McGee and furnished a home while he was out of work and without a place to stay. Stewart rewarded McLice by stealing little trinkets of jewelry belong-

ing to his baby children. City Notes and Personals. Gus Wordeman and wife have returned

from a visit at Atlantic, In. Charles Sachman, arrested Saturday night for abusing his wife was discharged for ack of prosecution. The Ladies' Aid society of the Presby-

terian church will give a social Brandeis building Thursday evening. Miss Nellie Stevens left yesterday for Ames, Is., on a short visit. She will then to go Des Moines an 1 take a course at Drake college.

Charles McShea of the Swift packing company's force has gone to Chicago. V. P. Wormwood of Pleasant Valley is in

Dr. G. M. Davis of Alliance, Ia., arrived in the city Saturday morning in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of his daughter, Miss Maggie A. Davis, wh as been conducting a private school in the

Work was commenced yesterday on a two-story frame double store building on Twenty-fourth street, north of N. Ed Slattery, drank, was dismissed by Judge King because it was Ed's first of

first ward.

Alfred Smith, the boy whose foot was crushed by the motor on Twenty-fourth treet Sunday, has been sent to his home at

A farmer's wagon, loaded with corn, dashed up N street yesterday and turned north on Twenty-sixth street. The low priced coreal was scattered along the street n profusion before the team was stopped. John F. Hardin had Frank Dolezal ar rested on the charge of assault with inten-

to kill. The case was tried yesterday and dismissed by Judge King. Ira M. Mallory, editor of the Nunda, (Ill.) Herald, wife and daughter Alice, are visit-Colonel John S Mullen of South Omaha. Mr. Mallory is a thorough newspaper man and parties are anxious for him to locate at

Humphrey, this state. Rev. A. W. Lamar had an appreciative Methodist church. The reverend gentle man made many friends for himself by his excellent delivery and the interesting stories ne related of life in southern lands years

Books New and Notable. "Afloat in the Forest or a Voyage Among the Tree Tops," by Captain Mayne Reid, in a new edition, with a memoir by R. H. Stodderd, is among the books of the new year. The stories of this author have long af-forded pleasure to the reading young people, and healthful pleasure, too, as travelers tales go. The adventures recorded in the present one are quite thrilling enough to hold the breathless interest of our boys. The present sensation in the literary and theatrical circles of Paris is the refusal of the French gramatic critics to allow Fran-cois Coppeer's "Le Pater" to be produced on the stage of the Theatre Français.

The piece is a drama in one act, in verse, the scene is laid during the commune and the action hinges on the saving of a com munard by the sister of the murdered priest The government argues that commune is too near to be historical while there are surviving actors and spectators; "It's like stirring living empers, when at eighty one remembers all he achings and the quakings of the times

The refusal consequently, is entirely based on political reasons. The literateurs naturally condemn the government's action, although many of them question the propriety of the time chosen by the author to "point a moral."

The author himself protests forcibly in a

that tried men's souls."

letter to the Figaro. The theater has been taken to the Theater Libre, where the censor's power ceases, as only the invited can obtain entrance. play is strong and forcible, dramatic to a de-gree and remarkably thrilling in its intensity-The North Shore Watch and Other Poems," by George Edward Woodherry, Boston, Houghton, Miffin & Co; Omaha,

Chase& Eddy. This slender volume from the Riverside press in a circuit cover of white and sage, quaintly stamped and adorned with various fainties of fine book-making, evidences sufficiently that the conteats, like the binding, are not for every day wear. Mr. Woodberry is writing less for the general public than for the man of letters, the poet and the critic, a circle whose applause usually chary, is already sounding about his ears. | druggists.

Of the three longer poems, the threnody which gives the volume its title, lamenting

the death of a young Friend:
"First dead of all my dead that are to be,"
is the most touching and the most natural. is the most touching said the most natural, written in a measure as stern and said as the unrelenting sea by whose shore the poet mourns, "Agathon" is a tribute to Eres, the god of desire, warm but chaste in its Greek setting; and a thurd poem, "My Country," an outpurst upon the greatness of America, a theme over whose difficulties Mr. Woodberry has dexterously passed. In the "Italian Voluntaries" of the closing pages are to be found the topics most likely to attract the casual reader. Yet here the grace, the musical cadence of the verse is occasionally involved in lines, balanced a bit too adroitly, with words, turned and chiselled adroitly, with words turned and chiselled and polished to such an unnatural degree that the study in versification threatens the spontaniety of the thought. No exceptions can be taken, however, to the author's English, which is streng and besutifully chosen, in a style largely influenced by a severe taste and a close study of classic models, Shortly after his graduation at Harvard Mr. Woodberry occupied for a time the chair of English literature in the university of Nebraska at Lincoln, and there cemente some warm and devoted friendships. The

western friends who had familiarized them-selves with his style from occasional poems printed privately, will join with the Boston literary coterie of which the young poet is so promising a figure, in the sincerest congrat-ulations. With this work before the world, a modest but worthy corner-stone, colored with a reverent and loving regard for all things beautiful, and the creator of them Mr. Woodberry may build up before us an edifice of song that will endure in years to come beside those of the best and greatest of our American poets. Rheumatism.

Few diseases cause more pain and suf-

fering than rheomatism; persons afflicted with that disease, or who have friends troubled by it, will, we believe, be delighted to learn that it can be cured. The following from Mr. J. A. Stum, Des Moines, Ia., is only one of the many severe cases that have promptly vielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm Mr. Stum says: "I suffered with the terrible disease for four weeks and used everything I could think of without success until I commenced using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which gave me almost immediate relief. I am now perfectly well from it. For stiff joints I never saw its equal, and take great pleasure in recommending it to my friends and all others who may be afflicted with rheumatism. For sale by all druggists.

Bill Paxton's Big Heart.

"That big, plainly-dressed man smoking a cob pipe has done more for Omaha than any other man," said a guest at the Grand Pa cific to a Chicago Tribune reporter as W. A Paxton walked through the rotunda. "You won't find a deaf and dumb person

in Nebraska who don't know Bill Paxton,' continued the speaker. "He is a plain, matter-of-fact man, whom riches have not changed one bit. It was he who planned South Omaha, which is to our city as the Union stock yards are to Chicago. Then he established one of the largest wholesale houses in the west, and started any number of manufacturing industries.

"He is as generous as he is rich. I will never forget a little act of kindness of his last summer. It was a sweltering day, and just as Mr. Paxton was crossing Douglas street a poor woman, carrying a heavy child, tottered and fell. Before Mr. Paxton reached the woman she was up and strug-gling to lift the child. The little one was so heavy that the mother could scarcely raise it. Mr. Paxton approached the woman, and remarked that she should wheel her child around and not carry it. When he was told that luxuries like baby carriages were only for the rich he took the woman across the street and bought her the best baby carriage Twas a unique bit of but thoroughly characteristic of Bill Pax-

A DISCARDED WIFE'S WRATH. She Creates a Disturbance in a New York Hotel.

NEW YORK, March 18 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- A handsome young blonde woman, richly dressed and jeweled, went to the Buckingham hotel, on Fifth avenue, the ght and asked for Mr clerk told her that he was in the dining room and that he would send for him.

"Never mind." she said, and before the

clerk could stop her she had rushed into the crowded dining room. As she walked she looked up and down the hall and around the room, while every eye was fastened upon her. The fine looking blonde woman was the star attraction. Away off in one end of the room, at a table by themselves, were a man and woman. The man was of medium height and about thirty-five years old. The blonde woman looked around until she saw these two. They had stopped cating and were looking, just as the rest of the diners were looking. She made directly for the place where they sat. The man had recognized her, evidently, for as she approached he arose from his seat and stopped away from the table toward her. As she came she pulled out from a chatelaine bag a shining pistol and a photograph. She ld them both toward him, the pistol un-

"Look at this picture," she screamed

pleasantly near.

"Look at this picture," she screamed, "and tell me if you will, if you are not the father of that child. Tell her too," pointing to the woman, who still remained seated at the table, "tell her that you are my husband, and that this is one of our children."
"Put that away and be quiet," said the man, as he reached out for the weapon.
"No, I will not," she cried, "until you acknowledge our child," and she flourished the photograph and pistel again in his face. At the unusual commotion and the pros-pect of a tragedy under their very noses, half of those in the room had left their seats The clerk had followed the woman, suspecting that something was wrong, and he approached her from behind and grasped the hand which clutched the pistol and took the weapon away from her, while the man helped by taking away the picture and stuff-ing it in his inside pocket. Then the waiters helped a little and the blonde woman, whose hat had become disarranged and whose fine hair had broken from its fastenings, was hustled toward the door like a big human knot struggling to unravel itself. Finally a policeman was summoned and the woman was taken to the station. There said her name was Carrie Osgood, and that she lived at No. 2 East Fiftieth street. The man in the dining room of the Buckingham hotel whom she had approached and threat-ened was her husband, a Mr. Osgood, and he was with a woman known as Irone. The pistol, which she had taken out of a bag at her side, was not loaded. The next morning she was taken to the Yorkville police court and arraigned before Justice Ford to answer to a charge of drunkenness and dis-orderly conduct. The judge, after hearing the case, of discharged her and she was taken away by a friend. Effort to find Mr. Osgood have so far been fruit less. The woman told the sergeant at the sta

was only trying to get him back, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup reduces inflammation while children are teething. 25 cents a bottle.

tion that "Irone" had jured her husband away from her and the children and that she

Accidentally Killed His Mother. ASHVILLE, N. C., March 18.-[Special Telegram to The Bes.]-News has just reached this place of a horrible accident near Hot Springs, Madison county. A twelve. year-old son of S. D. Chambers, a highly respected farmer, accidentally shot and in stantly killed his mother. The father had been to Hot Springs, bringing home with him a valise with some articles for the family in it. He put the valise down in the house and stepped out when the lad looked into it to see what his father had brought him. He found a visical and and to him. him. He found a pistol and said to his mother: "See what pa brought home." The pistol was discharged, the ball striking his

nother in the breast. Baker's Pure Cod Liver Oil. (Known over 40 years.) Also Baker's mulsion for throat and lung troubles. All GIVEN A HEAVY JUDGMENT.

The Swan Brothers' Failure Revived in a Chicago Court.

Cuicago, March 18 .- [Special Telegram to THE BRE. |- Judge Blodgett has rendered judgment of \$71,000 in favor of Daniel Richter of New York against Joseph Frank of Chicago. Frank was guaranteer of a contract made in December, 1885, in which Swan Brothers of Chevenne agreed to sell Richter 540 shares of capital stock of the Horse Creek land and cattle company. The contract had a clause allowing Richter to reconvey the stock to the company any time before January 1, 1889, and receive for it \$71,500. In October, 1888, Richter notified Swan Brothers that he had concluded to resell them his stock, which he tendered to the First National bank at Cheyenne. Swar Brothers refused to receive it and Richter sued Frank as guaranteer. The defense was that before Frank notified Swan Brothers of his desire to ceturn the stock the Horse Creek company was sold to the Cheyenne Land and Live Stock company. It was claimed that Richter ratified the sale and so released Frank. It was also claimed that the option clause in the contract made it a gambling transaction which could not be en-forced in Illinois. Judge Blodgett set aside both these pleas.

To Nervous Men. you will send us your address wo will send you Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltale Belt and Appliances on a trial. They will quickly restore you to vigor, manhood and health.

VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich. A DISCUSSION OF CALVINISM.

The Methodist Ministers of Chicago Air Their Views.

CHICAGO, March 18,-[Special Telegram

to Tue Bee.]-The regular weekly Methodist ministers' meeting was enlivened by a vigorous discussion of Calvinism. A review of a book called Whither, by Prof. Charles A. Briggs, was read by Dr. J. A. Mattlock. The book is a discussion of the drifting away of Presbyterian creeds from the oldtime theology. The writer seems to be in sympathy with the Calvinistic doctrines, and on this point Dr. Mattlock attacks him with considerable vim. The paper gave rise to a great deal of discussion, some of the rever-end brethren becoming heated in their re-marks. The book and its review were both severely criticised, but the majority of the arguments favored Mr. Mattlock and his views. One minister remarked: "The world would have been better had Caivin never lived. I believe," he continued, "that thousands of infideis have gone to damnation because of the nard, unmerciful teachings of Caivin. As one author has said: "Caivin's devil is better than his God."" Another brother objected to this arraignment of Calvinism and declared: "Calvinism and its results are doing more good in Chicago today than Methodism." Dr. Mattlock, in reply to the criticism, clearly showed his position and succeeded in proving his state-ments to the satisfaction of the majority of those present.

He Tried it on His Son. I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm on my son for rheumatism. He had been unable to work for over twelve months and was unable to walk to school, until after I used the Pain Balm on him. He has since been walking one and a half miles and back to school every day for about two months. M. D. PUSSER, Merchant, Gibralter, Union county,

Chamberlain with the Brotherhood. BUFFALO, N. Y., March 18 .- [Special Telegram to THE BER |-Elton Chamberiain has announced that he would not play with St. Louis this year under any circumstances. Chamberlain says the American association is a dead duck in the pond and he is through with Von Der Ahe, and takes this occasion of publicity notifying him. Chamberlain declares he will play with the brotherhood and is now corresponding with Cantain Comiskey of Chicago with a view of joining that team. He will sign with Buffalo if he can get his figures. Chamberlain has thoroughly studied the situation and is convinced the players' league will carry the day.



Do not be imposed on by any of the numerous fmitations, substitutes, etc., which are flooding the world. There is only one Swift's Specific, and there is nothing like it. Our remedy contains no Mercury, Potash, Arserle, or any poisonous substance whatever. It builds up the general health from the first dose, and has never failed to eradicate contagious blood poison and its effects from the system. Be sure to get the genuine. Send your address for our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, which will be mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta Co.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Post Office Square, - - Boston, Mass Statement of Business for 1889. Net Leager Assets, Jan 1, 1889. \$18,214,534.45

RECEIPTS. For premiums. \$2,628,835,75
For Interest, Rents, and
Profit and Loss, less
Taxes. 998,082,35 998,002.35 3,625,948,10 821,841,482.55

DISBURSEMENTS. Death Claims \$1,190,832.00
Matured and Discounted Endowments 259,135,00
Cancelled and Surrendered Policies 243,064,89 Distribution of Surplus 501,010,73 Total paid to Policy .83,254,042,62

Total paid to Policy-holders
Amount paid for Commissions, to Agents, Salaries, Medical Fees, Advertising, Printing, stationary, and all other incidental expenses, at the Home Office and at Agencies.
Amount paid for Accrued Interest on Investments purchased during the year. 492,035,83

12,203.95 2,758,633.30 Not Ledger Assets, Dec. 31, 1849-819,032,849.16 Market value of securi-ties over ledger cost \$1,132,912.55 Interest and Rents ac-crued Dec. 31, 1889 Gross premiums in course of collec-

tion. Daduct 10 per cent . \$183,120.07 15,312.91 164,816,16 1,577,713.30

LIABILITIES. Reserve at Massachus settsStandard theret \$17,871,353.51 Balance of Distributions unpaid.... Death and Endowment 166, 195, 15

Gross Assets, Dec. 31, 1889, \$20,660,562.55

Claims approved 127.245.60 18,104,793,66 \$2,555,768 89 Every policy has endorsed thereon the cash surrender and patitup insurance vames to which the insured is entitled by the Massachusetts Statute.— LIFE RATE ENDOWMENT policies are issued at the old life rate premium ANNUAL CASH distributions are paid upon ALL policies.

Pamphiets, rates and values for any age sent on application to the companies office or to

W. J. FISCHER, General Agent 28-29 Chamber of Commerce, Omaha. BENJ. F. STEVENS, President, JOS, M. GIBBONS, Vice-President,

S. F. TRULL, Secretary. WM. B. TURNER, Asst. Secretary.

AN OLD MAID'S SOLILOQUY.

"To take or not to take it, is the question—
Whether it is better to end this earthly career
A spinster—braving the smiles of those who would insist
That lack of lovers caused my lonely state,—
Or take the remedies my sisters take,
And see my eyes grow bright as the I bathed
In the immortal fount De Leon sought
In vain in Florida's peaceful shades.
I oft have heard my married sisters say
That good old Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
Would bring back color to a faded cheek—
Restore the health of one who fain would die
To rid herself of all the pain she feels."
The aforesaid spinster took the remedy—and forthwith took a husband also, having regained her health and blooming beauty.

Thousands of women owe their fresh, blooming countenances to the restorative effects of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful menstrua-tion, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, in-flammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ova-ries, accompanied with "internal heat." | plain envelope, enclose ten cents, in stamps, to World's Dispensary Medical Asso-ciation, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

. 50 Cents a Bottle.

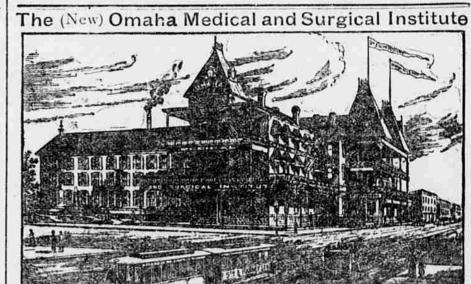
vorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe re-medial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally efficacious and valua-ble in its effects when taken for those disor-ders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The For a Book (160 pages) on Woman: Her Diseases and their Self-cure, (sent sealed in

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate and cleanse the liver. stomach and bowels. One a dose. Sold by druggists.



A CURE FOR ALL BOWEL COMPLAINTS. Internally taken in doses of from thirty to sixty drops in half a tumpler of water will cure in a few minutes Cramp Spasms, Sour Stomach, Colic, Flatulence, Heartburn, Colera Morbus, Dysen try, Diarrhora, Stek Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Malaria, and all internal pains arising from change of diet or water or other causes.

Sold by Druggists.



or the treatment of all CHRONIC AND SURGICAL DISEASES. For the treatment of all CHRONIC AND SURGICAL DISEASES. Braces, Appliances for deformities and Trusses. Best Facilities, Apparatus and Remedies for Successful Treatment of every form of disease requiring Medical or Surgical Treatment. NINETY ROOMS FOR PATIENTS, Board and Attendance. Best Accommodations West. Write for circulars on Deformities and Braces. Trusses, Club Feet Curvatures of Spine, Piles, Tumors, Canerr, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Inhalation, Electricity, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Kidney, Bladder, Eye, Ear, Skin and Blood, and all Surgical Operations. DISEASES OF WOMEN a specialty. Book of Diseases of Women Free. We have lately added a Lying-in Department for Women During Confinement. (Strictly Private.) Only Reliable Medical Institute Making a Specialty of PRIVATE DISEASES.

All Blood Diseases successfully treated. Syphillitic poison removed from the system without mercury. New Restorative treatment for Loss of Vital Power. Parties unable to visit as may be treated at home by correspondence. All communications confidential. Medicine or instruments sont by until or express securely packed, no marks to indicate contents or sender. One personal interview preferred. Call and consult us or send history of your case, and we will send to plain wrapper our BOOK TO MEN FIREE upon Private, Special or Nervous Diseases, Impotency, Syphilis, Gleet and Varicoccie, with question list. Address Omaha, Neb.

Covincy 9th and Harnay Streets, Omaha, Neb.

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Max Meyer & Bro.,

Continuation of our Great Closing Out Sale

Hundreds are being made happy on account of the Wonderful Bargains we are offering on Everything. ALL DIAMONDS RETAILED AT IMPORTER'S PRICES.

WATCHES-Ladies' or Gentlemen's heavy hunting cased, solid old, stem winders, warranted good timers, from \$25 upwards. Ladies' fine solid gold and genuine diamond cased Watches, ull jeweled movements, only \$35 and upward.

All other watches in proportion.

JEWELRY—Chains, Lockets, R. 128 and all other jewelry at about HALF former prices. Clocks are going fast at our MARKED DOWN FIGURES—\$9 CLOCKS go for \$5, &c-dozens of styles to select from. Finest assortment of Lamps ever shown in Omaha from \$5 up to \$50. See them. Beautiful beyond description is our line of Silver and fine quadruple-plated wars. It must be seen to be appreciated. Rich, novel and original designs; Epergnes, Water Sets, Tea Sets, Fruit, Salad and Nut Bowls, Bake Dishes, soup Tupeens, Biscuit Jars, Cake Baskets, Butter Dishes, Pickle Stands, Individual Castors, Napkin Holders, Cups, etc., besides an immense line of small wares, in artistic patterns, all of which are mmense line of small wares, in artistic patterns, all of which are eing sold at about 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

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